

# **BOYD COUNTY**

**Family and Consumer Sciences** 



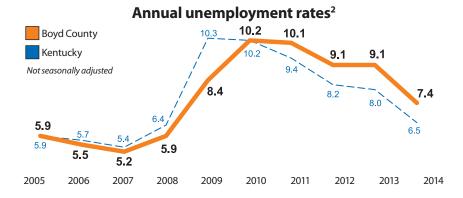
## **OUR FOCUS**

Family and Consumer Sciences (FCS) Extension is committed to improving the health and well-being of individuals and families in Boyd County. To help Kentuckians strengthen their financial, physical, and social well-being, our educational programs focus on:

- Making Healthy Lifestyle Choices that influence health and well-being
- Nurturing Families as they cope with fewer resources and more demands
- Embracing Life as We Age to live independently longer
- Securing Financial Stability in a turbulent economic period
- Promoting Healthy Homes and Communities that recycle, reduce waste, and protect our environment
- Accessing Nutritious Food that is affordable, available, and safe
- Empowering Community Leaders as we all work to sustain and improve our communities

In 2014-2015, Family and Consumer Sciences Extension made **5,043** contacts with Boyd County individuals and families.<sup>1</sup>

## **OUR PEOPLE**



## **SPOTLIGHT ON...**

# MOTHERS LEARN ABOUT HEALTHY EATING

The Expanded Food and Nutrition Education Program (EFNEP) in Boyd County teaches limited-resource mothers with young children skills to improve the nutritional quality of meals, safely prepare meals, and boost food-related resources. Of the 97 EFNEP graduate families, 99% showed a positive change in eating habits as a result of learning and building skills and behaviors taught through EFNEP. Behavior checklists completed before and after the program showed that 63% improved their food safety knowledge and skills and 81% now read Nutrition Facts on food labels.

## http://hes.uky.edu/StrongFamilies



## FINANCIAL WELL-BEING

In Boyd County, the median household income in 2013 was **\$41,443** (+/- **\$2,730**) compared to \$43,307 (+/- \$631) for the state.3

The American Community Survey estimates that between 2009-2013:4

- 23.7% (+/-3.0) of families with related children were below poverty
- 9.6% (+/-2.0) of people age 65 and over were below poverty
- 3.6% (+/-1.1) of individuals working full time/full year in the previous 12 months were below poverty
- 54.8% of students were eligible for free lunches and 6.6% were eligible for reduced-price lunches in 2014-20155

#### As a result of participating in **Boyd County Extension programs:** 1

- 2,677 people demonstrated informed and effective decision-making.
- 1,294 people demonstrated increased practical living skills.

#### PHYSICAL WELL-BEING

According to the CDC's County Diabetes Atlas, in Boyd County in 2012:6

- 14.9% (17.4%-12.7%) of adults reported having been diagnosed with diabetes
- 36.8% (40.8%-32.9%) of adults 18 years and over were obese
- 30.4% (34.3%-26.9%) of adults reported no leisure-time exercise in the past month

Between 2006-2012 in Boyd County:<sup>7</sup>

- 43.3% (48.7%-38.1%) of adults reported having been diagnosed with high blood pressure
- 27.8% (31.3%-24.5%) of adults reported fair or poor health

#### In Boyd County:

- 67.8% had adequate access to locations for physical activity compared to 72.0% for the state8
- 20.3% (+/-3.1) of those who drive to work on their own have a commute that is more than 30 minutes (2009-2013)8
- 65 deaths were from a drug overdose between 2009-20139

#### As a result of participating in **Boyd County Extension programs:** 1

- 177 people increased knowledge of lifestyle changes to improve personal health.
- 237 children and youth learned to eat more healthy food.

## **SOCIAL WELL-BEING**

The American Community Survey estimates that between 2009-2013 in Boyd County:4

- 30.3% (+/-0.9) of households included one or more persons age 65 and over
- 847 (+/-222) grandparents lived with and were responsible for their own grandchildren
- **64.9%** (+/-**6.5**) of children under 6 years and **67.7%** (+/-4.3) of children 6-17 years had all parents in the labor force
- 952 (+/-220) of those age 5 and older spoke a language other than English at home
- 4,336 (+/-318) civilian veterans lived in Boyd County<sup>4</sup>

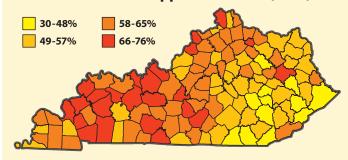
#### In Boyd County:

- 17.8% (21.6%-14.6%) of adults ages 18+ reported they did not receive sufficient social-emotional support between 2006-127
- 331 children were determined to have been victims of child abuse or neglect in 2013<sup>10</sup>
- 38.9% of those registered to vote did so in the 2014 General Election<sup>11</sup>

#### As a result of participating in Boyd County Extension programs: 1

- 26 adults reported increased leadership skills, knowledge or confidence.
- 237 people were reached with information related to health and safety.

#### Percent of child support collected (2014)<sup>10</sup>



#### SOURCES:

- Kentucky Cooperative Extension reporting, FY 2015
- <sup>2</sup> Bureau of Labor Statistics, Local Area Unemployment <sup>3</sup> Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates, U.S. Census Bureau
- <sup>4</sup> 2013 American Community Survey 5-year estimates, U.S. Census Bureau <sup>5</sup> 2014-2015 Kentucky School Report Card, Kentucky Dept. of Education. (Data for school districts were combined to produce the county total.)
- CDC County Diabetes Atlas
- <sup>7</sup> BRFSS/Health Indicators Warehous <sup>8</sup> RWJF County Health Rankings.
- Adequate access is defined as living within 1/2 mile of a park and as living in a census tract less than 3 miles from a recreational
- facility for rural areas and less than 1 mile in urban areas
- <sup>9</sup> Kentucky Injury Prevention and Research Center. 2015. "Drug Overdose Deaths in Kentucky, 2000-2013"
- <sup>o</sup> Kentucky Kids Count/Kentucky Cabinet for Health & Family Services. (http://datacenter.kidscount.org) Kentucky State Board of Elections
- (http://elect.ky.gov/statistics/Pages/turnoutstatistics.aspx)

