COOPERATIVE EXTENSION SERVICE

UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE, FOOD AND ENVIRONMENT, LEXINGTON, KY 40546



KENTON COUNTY Joan Bowling, Linda Brown-Price, and Kathy Roesel-Byrnes, County Extension Agents, Family and Consumer Sciences



BUILDING STRONG FAMILIES FOR KENTUCKY 2015



OUR FOCUS

Family and Consumer Sciences Extension is committed to improving the health and well-being of individuals and families in Kenton County. To help families make wise decisions, our educational programs focus on:

- Making Healthy Lifestyle Choices that influence health and well-being
- Nurturing Families as they cope with fewer resources and more demands
- Embracing Life as We Age to live independently longer
- Securing Financial Stability in a turbulent economic period
- Promoting Healthy Homes and Communities that recycle, reduce waste, and protect our environment
- Accessing Nutritious Food that is affordable, available, and safe
- Empowering Community Leaders as we all work to sustain and improve our communities

In 2013-2014, Family and Consumer Sciences Extension made **48,761** contacts with Kenton County individuals and families.¹

http://hes.uky.edu/StrongFamilies

OUR PEOPLE

Median household income by housing type* (2008-2012)²



SPOTLIGHT ON ...

INSECTS IN THE HOME

The Kenton County Cooperative Extension Office presented "Focus on the Home: Managing Insects and Spiders in the Home" as leader training for 71 Northern Kentucky Area extension homemakers in seven counties. Each extension homemaker presented the program to their Extension Homemaker Club, potentially reaching over 900 members. The post-program survey found: 30% improved sanitation practices to eliminate/prevent pests; 22% sealed cracks/crevices to prevent pests; three detected plumbing issues after completing the self-inspection of their home; 29 participants reported a decrease in the number of insects/pests in their home; and 100% indicated they use fewer insecticides as a result of the program.



ousing has long been recognized as a basic human need. Yet, because housing is often a family's largest expense and largest debt, it can be a stumbling block for many. Safe, lower-cost housing options are often limited for struggling families, and this can lead them into crisis. Family and Consumer Sciences Extension helps people improve home safety, lessen their environmental footprint, and strengthen financial stability. It also helps communities promote healthy lifestyles throughout the lifespan by supporting strong family home environments. Please tell us ways you think we can do more.

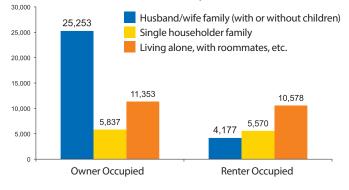
AVAILABILITY

In 2010, in Kenton County, there were...³

- 20,325 renter households
- 42,443 homeowner households
- 2,399 vacant housing units for rent
- 1,318 vacant housing units for sale

According to the Kentucky Department of Education, in 2012-2013, 1,414 children were homeless or were precariously housed in Kenton County.⁴

Number of households by housing type* in Kenton County (2010)³



HEALTH AND SAFETY

In Kenton County, it is estimated that in 2008-2012...²

- half of all renter-occupied housing was built before 1967 (+/-2 years)
- half of all owner-occupied housing was built before 1974 (+/- 1 years)

According to 2008-2012 American Community Survey² estimates in Kenton County...

• 2.7% (+/- 0.4) of all households had no landline or cell phone

• 31.9% (+/- 1.0) of workers living in Kenton County worked in Kentucky but outside the county and 28.5% (+/- 1.2) worked outside the state

• Half of all workers traveled 22.9 (+/- 0.6) or more minutes to work

AFFORDABILITY

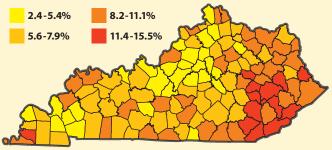
According to American Community Survey estimates for Kenton County, in 2008-2012...²

- 38.7% (+/- 2.3) of renter households paid 35% or more of their income for rent and utilities
- 19.7% (+/- 1.5) of homeowner households with a mortgage and 9.9% (+/- 1.5) of homeowner households without a mortgage paid 35% or more of their income for housing costs
- 25.5% (+/- 1.1) of homeowner households did not have a mortgage
- 3.0% (+/- 0.4) of all housing units were mobile homes

According to the most recent poverty estimates, in 2012, **14.7%** (+/- 1.6) of residents in the county were living below poverty.⁵

In 2013, residents needed to earn \$14.13 an hour (or work **1.9** iobs at \$7.25 an hour**) to afford a twobedroom apartment at Fair Market Rent in Kenton County.6

Estimated percentage of households without a vehicle (2008-2012)²



American Community Survey 5-year estimates

SOURCES:

Kentucky Cooperative Extension reporting. FY 2014

² 2008-2012 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, U.S. Census Bureau
³ 2010 Decennial Census, U.S. Census Bureau

- ⁴ Kentucky Dept. of Education http://education.ky.gov/ federal/progs/txc/Pages/TX-Docs.aspx (Data for school districts were combined to produce the county total.) ⁵ Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates, U.S. Censu
- Bureau ⁶ Out Of Reach 2014. National Low Income Housing Coalition
- * Data refer to housing tenure (owner or renter). ** The current federal minimum wage

